20

25

30

5

We Claim:

1. An antibody or an antibody fragment capable of specifically binding to any one of the group selected from

a site on a VE-cadherin, said site being within the about 15 N-terminal amino acids of domain 1 of a VE-cadherin,

a site on a VE-cadherin, said site being within the about 15 N-terminal amino acids of domain 1 of a VE-cadherin and said N-terminal amino acids having an insertion, deletion or substitution of from 1 to about 5 amino acids relative to a native VE-cadherin amino acid sequence,

a peptide having an amino acid sequence of SEQ ID NO: 1 (DEIWNOMHIDEEKNE),

a peptide having an amino acid sequence of SEQ ID NO: 2 (DWIWNQMHIDEEKNE), and

a peptide having an amino acid sequence of SEQ ID NO: 3 (DWIWNQMHIDEEKNT);

wherein said antibody or said antibody fragment is capable of inhibiting VE-cadherin mediated adherens junction formation *in vitro* but does not exert any significant or substantial effect on paracellular permeability *in vitro*.

- 2. The antibody or antibody fragment of Claim 1, wherein said antibody or said antibody fragment does not exert any significant or substantial effect on vascular permeability *in vivo*.
- 3. The antibody or antibody fragment of Claim 1, wherein said antibody or said antibody fragment is substantially non-toxic when administered to an animal or mammal.
- 4. The antibody or antibody fragment of Claim 1, wherein said antibody or said antibody fragment inhibits angiogenesis *in vivo* or *in vitro* or inhibits tumor metastasis.
- 5. The antibody or antibody fragment of claim 1, wherein said antibody or antibody fragment inhibits formation of new adherens junctions without disturbing existing adherens junctions.

15

- 6. The antibody or antibody fragment of Claim 1, wherein said antibody is a monoclonal antibody or said antibody fragment is from a monoclonal antibody.
- 7. The antibody or antibody fragment of Claim 1, wherein said monoclonal antibody is murine monoclonal antibody E4B9.
 - 8. A hybridoma which produces the monoclonal antibody of Claim 6.
 - 9. A hybridoma which produces the monoclonal antibody of Claim 7.
- 10. The antibody or antibody fragment of Claim 1, wherein said antibody or antibody fragment is a single chain antibody, is humanized, is chimerized or is bispecific.
- 11. The antibody or antibody fragment of Claim 1, wherein said antibody or antibody fragment is fused to a heterologous polypeptide.
- 12. A pharmaceutical composition comprising the antibody or antibody fragment of any one of Claims 1-11 and a pharmaceutically acceptable carrier or diluent.
- 13. A method of inhibiting angiogenesis in a mammal which comprises administering the pharmaceutical composition of Claim 12 to said mammal for a time and in an amount effective to inhibit angiogenesis.
- 14. The method of Claim 13, wherein angiogenesis is associated with any one of a neoplastic disease, a solid tumor, an autoimmune disease, collagenous vascular disease, rheumatoid arthritis, an ophthalmalogical condition, diabetic retinopathy, retrolental fibroplasia or neovascular glaucoma.
- 15. A method of inhibiting tumor metastasis in a mammal which comprises administering the pharmaceutical composition of Claim 12 to said mammal for a time and in an amount effective to inhibit metastasis of a tumor.
- 16. The method of Claim 15, wherein said tumor is selected from the group consisting of carcinomas, gliomas, sarcomas, adenocarcinomas, adenosarcomas, adenomas, leukemic tumors and lymphoid tumors.
- 17. A method of treating a cell proliferative disorder associated with vascularization in a mammal which comprises administering the pharmaceutical composition of Claim 12 to said mammal in an amount effective to inhibit proliferation of endothelial cells without disturbing the normal vasculature.

5

20

25

5

- 18. The method of Claim 17, wherein said cell proliferative disorder is a blood vessel proliferative disorders, fibrotic disorders, angiogenesis, tumor growth, tumor metastasis, rheumatoid arthritis, and age-related muscular degeneration.
- 19. A method for reducing or inhibiting tumor vasculature in a mammal which comprises administering the pharmaceutical composition of Claim 12 to said mammal in an amount effective to inhibit blood vessel formation without adversely affecting existing vasculature.
- 20. An isolated nucleic acid comprising a nucleotide sequence which encodes a coding sequence for the antibody or antibody fragment, for a variable region of said antibody or for a hypervariable region of said antibody, wherein said antibody or antibody fragment is the antibody from any one of Claims 1-11.
- 21. An expression vector comprising the nucleic acid of Claim 20 operably linked to sequences to control expression of said nucleotide sequence.
- A method of gene therapy which comprises administering a nucleic acid of Claim 20 to a mammal in an amount and for a time effective to inhibit angiogenesis at a predetermined site or to inhibit tumor neovascularization.